

COMPANY PROFILE

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Message From Managing Director



Dear Valued Partners and Clients,

I am delighted to extend my heartfelt greetings to all of you as the director of Geonamics, a leading provider of geotechnical engineering testing services and now proud to announce our expansion into inspection, certification, and calibration solutions.

Since our establishment, Geonamics has been dedicated to setting the benchmark for excellence, integrity, and innovation in the geotechnical engineering testing industry. As an independent testing agent, we have earned the trust of our clients across diverse sectors by delivering precise and reliable data, vital for informed decision-making and ensuring the integrity and safety of structures and infrastructures.

Today, I am thrilled to share that we have expanded our portfolio to offer comprehensive inspection, certification, and calibration services, further solidifying our commitment to meeting the evolving needs of our clients. With this expansion, we now stand as a one-stop solution provider, offering a full spectrum of services to support your engineering projects from inception to completion.

Our inspection services are designed to provide thorough assessments of equipment, materials, and processes, helping you maintain compliance with industry standards and regulations. Whether you require routine inspections or specialized evaluations, our team of experts is here to ensure the reliability and safety of your assets.

Furthermore, our certification services offer independent verification of quality, safety, and performance, instilling confidence in your products, systems, and processes. With our rigorous certification processes and globally recognized accreditations, you can demonstrate compliance with regulatory requirements and differentiate yourself in the marketplace.

As we embark on this new chapter of growth and expansion, our core values of excellence, integrity, and customer-centricity remain unwavering. We are committed to delivering superior solutions tailored to your specific needs, backed by unparalleled technical expertise, industry-leading technology, and a relentless focus on quality and innovation.

I would like to take this opportunity to express my deepest gratitude to our clients, partners, and employees for their continued trust, support, and dedication. It is through your collaboration and commitment that we have achieved this significant milestone, and it is with your ongoing partnership that we will continue to thrive and make a positive impact in the industry.

Thank you for choosing Geonamics as your trusted partner for geotechnical engineering testing, inspection, certification, and calibration services. We are excited about the opportunities that lie ahead and look forward to serving you with excellence every step of the way.

Warm regards,

Dato Ir. Chuah Lam Siang
Managing Director, Geonamics

Who We Are

Geonamics is a leading one-stop testing centre for construction and geotechnical works. With a strong commitment to delivering accurate and reliable results accordance to the latest test standards, we offer a comprehensive range of testing services across various departments.

Our commitment to excellence, reliability, and professionalism has made us a trusted partner for numerous clients in the construction industry. We take pride in our ability to deliver accurate results, adhere to strict timelines, and provide cost-effective solutions. Our team of experts is always ready to go the extra mile to meet the unique requirements of each project.

Geonamics is dedicated to playing a pivotal role in the success of our clients' ventures. With our expertise, advanced-calibrated facilities, and commitment to quality, we strive to exceed expectations and contribute to the growth and development of the construction and geotechnical sectors.

Our Mission

To provide testing, inspection, certification, instrumentation, and calibration services fully compliance to the latest test standard.

Our Vision

To safeguard the construction industry with reliable and accurate testing results.

Our Values

Our commitment to keep quality, impartiality, competence and confidentiality of testing services.



Our Services



Accreditations & Recognition

Geonamics is honored to be recognized for our commitment to excellence and adherence to industry standards. We take great pride in our accreditations and recognitions, as they affirm our dedication to quality, integrity, and continuous improvement. These accolades serve as a testament to our relentless pursuit of excellence in everything we do, providing our clients with the confidence and assurance that they are partnering with a trusted and reputable organization. Allow us to introduce our accreditations and recognitions, each symbolizing our unwavering commitment to upholding the highest standards of professionalism and service excellence.



MALAYSIA
Geonamics (M) Sdn. Bhd.



**CERTIFIED
ISO 9001:2015**



SINGAPORE
Geonamics (S) Pte. Ltd.



Our Partners



Geolab (M)
Sdn. Bhd.



Ikram Geotechnique
Sdn. Bhd.

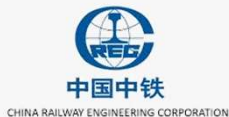
We take pride in our collaborative approach to delivering exceptional solutions to our clients. We are honored to introduce "our partner," a trusted ally whose expertise and dedication complement our own, enabling us to enhance the quality and breadth of services we offer. With a shared commitment to excellence and customer satisfaction, "our partner" embodies the same values and principles that define our company. Together, we are dedicated to providing innovative and comprehensive solutions that exceed expectations and drive success for our clients.

Our Clients

Our clients are at the heart of everything we do. We are privileged to introduce "our client," a valued partner whose vision, challenges, and aspirations drive us to excel every day.



JABATAN KERJA RAYA
MALAYSIA



... and many more.

Recent Key Projects

We are pleased to involve in the impactful projects we undertake. Allow us to introduce some of our key projects, each representing a testament to our expertise, innovation, and commitment to excellence. These projects not only showcase our technical prowess but also highlight our dedication to delivering solutions that meet and exceed the unique needs of our clients. From groundbreaking infrastructure developments to intricate engineering challenges, our key projects demonstrate our ability to turn vision into reality and make a meaningful impact in the communities we serve.



TNB monopole transmission tower Penang



Merdeka 118



Tun Razak Exchange



Johor Bahru-Singapore Rapid Transit System (RTS)



Penang Swettenham Pier



Malaysia-Singapore Second Link



Penang 2nd Bridge Project



Electrified Double Track Project (EDTP)



KVMRT2 Project



Branches



MALAYSIA

Geonamics (M) Sdn. Bhd.

Address: No. 6, Lot 25, Jalan Udang Harimau 1, Medan Niaga
Kepong, 51200, Kuala Lumpur.
Phone: +603 6243 4715
Email: info@geonamics.com.my

Geonamics (Sarawak) Sdn. Bhd.

Address: CJ206, Lorong Andar Baru, Batu Kawah 1H, Batu Kawah
New Township, 93250, Kuching, Sarawak
Phone: +6016 723 6491
Email: info@geonamics.com.my



SINGAPORE

Geonamics (S) Pte. Ltd.

Address: 5 Kwong Min Rd, Singapore 628708
Phone: +65 6893 6913
Email: info@geonamics.com.sg



APPENDIX



Appendix 1 – LEGAL REGISTRATION



PERAKUAN PENDAFTARAN

Adalah dengan ini diperakui bahawa kontraktor yang dinyatakan di bawah ini telah berdaftar dengan Lembaga mengikut Bahagian VI Akta Lembaga Pembangunan Industri Pembinaan Malaysia 1994. Pendaftaran ini adalah tertakluk kepada syarat-syarat yang telah ditetapkan bersama perakuan ini.

No. Pendaftaran : 1970606-JH034083
Nama Kontraktor : GEONAMICS (M) SDN. BHD.
Alamat Berdaftar : NO 6, LOT 25, JALAN UDANG HARIMAU 1, MEDAN NIAGA KEPONG,
51200 KUALA LUMPUR
WILAYAH PERSEKUTUAN KUALA LUMPUR
Daerah : KUALA LUMPUR
Tarikh Mula Berdaftar : 06/06/2000

<u>GRED</u>	<u>KATEGORI</u>	<u>PENGKHUSUSAN</u>
G3	B	B04
G3	CE	CE21 CE25
G3	ME	M15

Tarikh Mula Berkuatkuasa : 27/11/2023

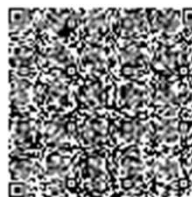
Tarikh Habis Tempoh Perakuan : 24/11/2026

STATUS: AKTIF

Ketua Eksekutif

Lembaga Pembangunan Industri Pembinaan Malaysia

Tarikh: 27/11/2023



Appendix 2 - ISO 9001



Bureau Veritas Certification

GEONAMICS (M) SDN BHD

No. 6 Lot 25, Jalan Udang Harimau 1, Medan Niaga Kepong, 51200 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

Bureau Veritas Certification Holding SAS - UK Branch certifies that the Management System of the above organisation has been audited and found to be in accordance with the requirements of the management system standards detailed below

ISO 9001:2015

Scope of certification

1. PROVISION OF GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION, INSTRUMENTATION MONITORING AND TESTING ON VARIES FOUNDATION, SLOPES, EARTH RETAINING AND UNDERGROUND STRUCTURES
2. PROVISION OF CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS TESTING ON SOIL, ROCK, CONCRETE, STEEL AND ASPHALT/BITUMINOUS MATERIALS

Original cycle start date: 25-11-2017

Expiry date of previous cycle: 24-11-2023

Certification / Recertification Audit date: 10-11-2023

Certification / Recertification cycle start date: 25-11-2023

Subject to the continued satisfactory operation of the organisation's Management System, this certificate expires on: 24-11-2026

Certificate No.: MY009783

Version: 1

Issue date: 24-11-2023

Mohd Nizam Abdul Malik - Chief Executive (Malaysia)
Signed on behalf of BVCH SAS UK Branch

Certification Body Address: 5th Floor, 66 Prescott Street, London, E1 8HG, United Kingdom

Local Office: Lot 19.01 & 19.02, 19th Floor, Menara KH, Jalan Sultan Ismail, 50250 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.



0008

Further clarifications regarding the scope and validity of this certificate, and the applicability of the management system requirements, please call: +603 2733 7700

UKAS Certificate Template Single Site Rev.4.1



1/1

28 Aug 2023

Appendix 3 – Accredited Scope (MALAYSIA)



NO: SAMM 999(Issue 2, 17 November 2025 replacement
of SAMM 999 dated 08 February 2024)

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LABORATORY LOCATION/ CENTRAL OFFICE:	GEONAMICS (M) SDN. BHD. NO.6, LOT 25, JALAN UDANG HARIMAU 1 MEDAN NIAGA KEPONG 51200 KUALA LUMPUR MALAYSIA
	
ACCREDITED SINCE:	18 FEBRUARY 2021
FIELD OF TESTING:	MECHANICAL
FIELD OF CALIBRATION:	DIMENSIONAL

This laboratory has demonstrated its technical competence to operate in accordance with MS ISO/IEC 17025:2017 (ISO/IEC 17025:2017).

This laboratory's fulfillment of the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025 means the laboratory meets both the technical competence requirements and management system requirements that are necessary for it to consistently deliver technically valid test results and calibrations. The management system requirements in ISO/IEC 17025 are written in language relevant to laboratory operations and operate generally in accordance with the principles of ISO 9001 (see Joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communiqué dated April 2017).

*** The uncertainty covered by the CMC is expressed as the expanded uncertainty corresponding to a coverage probability of approximately 95 % and have a coverage factor of k=2 unless stated otherwise.**

CENTRAL LOCATION:	GEONAMICS (M) SDN. BHD. NO.6, LOT 25, JALAN UDANG HARIMAU 1 MEDAN NIAGA KEPONG 51200 KUALA LUMPUR
FIELD OF TESTING:	MECHANICAL

SCOPE OF TESTING: MECHANICAL

Materials/ Products Tested	Type of Test/ Properties Measured/ Range of Measurement	Standard Test Methods/ Equipment/Techniques
Aggregate	Determination of Loose Bulk Density and Voids for Aggregates	BS EN 1097-3
	Determination of Aggregate Crushing Value (ACV)	BS 812-110
	Determination of Ten Per Cent Fines Value (TFV)	BS 812-111

NO: SAMM 999(Issue 2, 17 November 2025 replacement
of SAMM 999 dated 08 February 2024)

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SCOPE OF TESTING: MECHANICAL

Materials/ Products Tested	Type of Test/ Properties Measured/ Range of Measurement	Standard Test Methods/ Equipment/Techniques
Aggregate	Determination of Aggregate Impact Value (AIV)	BS 812-112
	Determination of Shell Content- Percentage of Shell in Coarse Aggregate	BS EN 993-7
	Determination of Clay Lumps and Friable Particles in Aggregates	ASTM C142/C142M
	Determination of Potential Presence of Humus (Organics Impurities)	BS EN 1744-1, Clause 15.1
	Determination of Particle Size Distribution: Sieving Method	BS EN 933-1
	Determination of Particle Density and Water Absorption	BS EN 1097-6
	Determination of pH Value	BS 1377-3, Clause 12
	Determination of Particle Shape-shape Index	BS EN 933-4
	Determination of Particle Shape- Flakiness Index	BS EN 933-3 BS 812-105.1
	Elongation Index	BS 812-105.2
	Soundness of Aggregate	ASTM C88/C88M
	Organic Impurities in Fine Aggregate for Concrete	ASTM C40/C40M
	Determination of the Water Content by Drying in a Ventilated Oven	BS EN 1097-5

NO: SAMM 999(Issue 2, 17 November 2025 replacement
of SAMM 999 dated 08 February 2024)

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SCOPE OF TESTING: MECHANICAL

Materials/ Products Tested	Type of Test/ Properties Measured/ Range of Measurement	Standard Test Methods/ Equipment/Techniques
Soils	Determination of Water Content (Oven Drying Method)	BS 1377-2, Clause 4.1 BS EN ISO 17892-1 MS 1056: Part 2, Clause 4.2
	Determination of the Liquid Limit: Fall Cone Method	BS 1377-2, Clause 5.2 & 5.3 BS EN ISO 17892-12, Clause 5.3 MS 1056: Part 2, Clause 5.3 & 5.4
	Determination of the Plastic Limit and Plasticity Index	BS 1377-2, Clause 6 BS EN ISO 17892-12, Clause 5.5 MS 1056: Part 2, Clause 6
	Determination of Shrinkage Characteristics: Linear Shrinkage Method	BS 1377-2, Clause 7 MS 1056: Part 2, Clause 7.5
	Determination of Density: Linear Measurement Method	BS 1377-2, Clause 9 BS EN ISO 17892-2, Clause 5.1 MS 1056: Part 2, Clause 8.2
	Determination of Particle Density: Fluid Pycnometer Method	BS 1377-2, Clause 8 BS EN ISO 17892-3, Clause 5.1 MS 1056: Part 2, Clause 9.3 & 9.4
	Determination of Particle Size Distribution: Sieving, Hydrometer and Combined Tests	BS 1377-2, Clause 10 BS EN ISO 17892-4, Clause 5.2, 5.3 & 5.5 MS 1056: Part 2, Clause 10.2, 10.3 & 10.5
	Determination of Dry Density/ Water Content Relationship: 2.5 kg Rammer Method 4.5 kg Rammer Method Vibrating Hammer Method	BS 1377-2, Clause 11.3 & 11.4 Clause 11.5 & 11.6 Clause 11.7 MS 1056: Part 4 Clause 4.3 & 4.4 Clause 4.5 & 4.6 Clause 4.7

NO: SAMM 999(Issue 2, 17 November 2025 replacement
of SAMM 999 dated 08 February 2024)

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SCOPE OF TESTING: MECHANICAL

Materials/ Products Tested	Type of Test/ Properties Measured/ Range of Measurement	Standard Test Methods/ Equipment/Techniques
Soils	Determination of California Bearing Ratio (CBR)	BS 1377-2, Clause 15 MS 1056: Part 4, Clause 8
	Consolidated Triaxial Compression Tests on Water Saturated Soils (CIU, CAU, CID, CAD)	BS EN ISO 17892: Part 9 MS 1056: Part 8
	Unconsolidated Undrained Triaxial Tests (UU)	BS EN ISO 17892: Part 8 MS 1056: Part 7, Clause 9
	Unconfined Compression Test (UCT)	BS EN ISO 17892: Part 7 MS 1056: Part 7, Clause 8.2
	Incremental Loading Oedometer Test	BS EN ISO 17892: Part 5 MS 1056: Part 5, Clause 4
Concrete	Compressive Strength of Test Specimens	BS EN 12390-3
	Density of Hardened Concrete	BS EN 12390-7
	Depth of Penetration of Water Under Pressure	BS EN 12390-8
	Cored Specimen- Taking, Examining and Testing in Compression	BS EN 12504-1
	Determination of Water Absorption	BS 1881-122
	Determination of Secant Modulus of Elasticity in Compression	BS EN 12390-13
	Determination of the Initial Surface Absorption of Concrete	BS 1881-208
	Flexural Strength of Test Specimens	BS EN 12390-5
	Tensile Splitting Strength of Test Specimen	BS EN 12390-6
	Determination of Rebound Number	BS EN 12504: Part 2

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of SAMM 999 dated 08 February 2024)

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SCOPE OF TESTING: MECHANICAL

Materials/ Products Tested	Type of Test/ Properties Measured/ Range of Measurement	Standard Test Methods/ Equipment/Techniques
Rocks	Unconfined Compressive Strength of Intact Rock Core Specimens	ASTM D7012, Method C
	Elastic Moduli of Intact Rock Core Specimen in Uniaxial Compression	ASTM D7012, Method D
	Determination of the Point Load Strength Index of Rock and Application to Rock Strength Classification	ASTM D5731
Bituminous Materials	Marshall Stability and Flow of Asphalt Mixtures	ASTM D6927
	Bulk Specific Gravity and Density of Non- Absorptive Compacted Asphalt Mixtures	ASTM D2726/D2726M
	Quantitative Extraction of Asphalt Binder from Asphalt Mixtures	ASTM D2172/D2172M (Method A- Centrifuge Extraction)
	Thickness of Height of Compacted Asphalt Mixtures	ASTM D3549/D3549M (Method A)
Metal & Metal Product (Steel Bar)	Tensile Properties	MS 146, Clause 7.3.3 MS ISO 6892-1 ISO 6892-1 MS ISO 15630-1 BS EN ISO 15630-1 BS 4449, Clause 7.2.3
	Bend Performance	BS EN ISO 15630-1
Metal & Metal Product (Weldable Reinforcing Steel)	Tensile Test Properties	BS 4449: Clause 7.2.3
	Bend Performance (Bend, Ageing & Re-bend Test)	MS 146, Clause 7.3.5 BS 4449, Clause 7.2.5
	Dimensions, Mass Per Meter and Tolerances	BS EN ISO 15630: Part 1, Clause 12 MS 146, Clause 7.4 BS 4449, Clause 7.3

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of SAMM 999 dated 08 February 2024)

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SCOPE OF TESTING: MECHANICAL

Materials/ Products Tested	Type of Test/ Properties Measured/ Range of Measurement	Standard Test Methods/ Equipment/Techniques
Metal & Metal Product (Steel Wire)	Tensile Test Properties	BS EN ISO 15630: Part 1, Clause 5 ISO 6892: Part 1 MS 144, Clause 7.2.3 BS 4482, Clause 7.2.3
	Bend Performance Test (Bend, Ageing & Re-bend Test)	BS EN ISO 15630: Part 1, Clause 6 & 7 MS 144, Clause 7.2.4 BS 4482, Clause 7.2.5
	Dimensions, Mass Per Meter and Tolerances	BS EN ISO 15630: Part 1, Clause 12 MS 144, Clause 7.3 BS 4482, Clause 7.3
Metal & Metal Product (Multi-Wire Steel Prestressing Strand)	Tensile Test	ASTM A1061/A1061M, Clause 9 BS EN ISO 15630: Part 3, Clause 5
Metal & Metal Product (Reinforcement Couplers for Mechanical Splices of Bars)	Tensile Test Properties	ISO 15835: Part 2, Clause 5.3
	Slip Test	ISO 15835: Part 2, Clause 5.4 BS 8110: Part 1. Clause 3.12.8.16.2
Welds and Welded Test Specimens (Welded Steel Fabric)	Tensile Properties	MS 145, Clause 8.1.3.1 MS ISO 15630-2 BS EN ISO 15630-2 MS ISO 6892-1 ISO 6892-1
	Bend Performance	MS 145, Clause 7.2.5 MS ISO 15630-2 BS EN ISO 15630-2
	Weld Shear Force	MS 145, Clause 7.2.4 MS ISO 15630-2 BS EN ISO 15630-2

NO: SAMM 999(Issue 2, 17 November 2025 replacement
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SCOPE OF CALIBRATION: DIMENSIONAL

Instrument Calibrated/ Measurement Parameter	Range	Calibration and Measurement Capability Expressed as an Uncertainty($\pm$)*	Remarks
Strain Transducer Sensitivity (Pile Dynamics, Inc models)	Up to 200 $\mu\epsilon/V$	2.6 $\mu\epsilon/V$	In-house method – “BDI Automated Strain Transducer Calibration System (ASTCS)”. In House Method – Determination of Calibration Factor/Sensitivity for Strain Transducer (PDI Model)

Schedule

Issue Date: 17 November 2025
Valid Until: 18 February 2029



NO: SAMM 999

(Issue 2, 17 November 2025 replacement of SAMM 999 dated 08 February 2024)

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SITE LOCATION (HQ)	1. SITE 1
FIELD OF TESTING:	MECHANICAL

SCOPE OF TESTING: MECHANICAL

Materials/ Products Tested	Type of Test/ Properties Measured/ Range of Measurement	Standard Test Methods/ Equipment/Techniques
Soils	In-situ Density Tests: Sand Replacement Method Suitable for Fine and Medium Grained Soils (Small Pouring Cylinder Method)	BS 1377-9, Clause 2.1
	In-situ Density Tests: Sand Replacement Method Suitable for Fine and Medium Grained Soils (Medium Pouring Cylinder Method)	In-house method GEO/CMT/TM/06/014 with Reference to BS 1377-9
	In-situ Density Tests: Sand Replacement Method Suitable for Fine, Medium and Coarse-grained Soils (Large Pouring Cylinder Method)	BS 1377-9, Clause 2.2
	In-situ Density Tests: Core Cutter Method for Cohesive Soils Free from Coarse-Grained Material	BS 1377-9, Clause 2.4
	In-situ Vertical Deformation and Strength Tests: Determination of the In-situ California Bearing Ratio (CBR)	BS 1377-9, Clause 4.3
	Mackintosh Probe Test	In house test method GEO/CMT/06/01 with reference to JKR Specification
Other materials (Pile Testing)	Standard Test Method for High-Strain Dynamic Testing of Deep Foundations	ASTM D4945

Appendix 4 – Accredited Scope (SINGAPORE)



Schedule

Geonamics (S) Pte Ltd
No 5, Kwong Min Road
Singapore 628708

Certificate No. : LA-2013-0548-B
Issue No. : 8
Date : 30 August 2024
Expiry of Certificate : 15 September 2025
Page : 1 of 7

FIELD OF TESTING: Civil Engineering Testing

MATERIALS/ PRODUCTS TESTED	TESTS/PROPERTIES	STANDARD METHODS
A. PILE		
A1.	High-strain dynamic testing of deep foundations	ASTM D 4945-17
A2.	Standard test method for low strain impact integrity testing of deep foundations	ASTM D 5882-16
A3.	Standard test method for integrity testing of concrete deep foundations by ultrasonic cross-hole testing	ASTM D 6760-16
A4.	Measuring inclination and shaft profile of deep foundations (SHAPE Method)	ASTM D8232-18
A5.	Standard test method of energy measurement for dynamic penetrometers	ASTM D4633-16
A6.	Rapid Load Testing	BS EN ISO 22477-10: 2016
B. SOIL		
B1.	Determination of moisture / water content	BS 1377-2:2022#4 BS EN ISO 17892-1:2014+A1: 2022 ASTM D2216-19
B2.	Determination of liquid limit, plastic limit and plasticity index & shrinkage characteristics – linear shrinkage	BS 1377-2:2022 #5,6 & 7 BS EN ISO 17892-12: 2018+A2: 2022 ASTM D4318-17e1
B3.	Determination of dry and bulk density / unit weight	BS 1377-2:2022 #8 BS EN ISO 17892-2:2014 ASTM D7263-21

Schedule



Certificate No. : LA-2013-0548-B

Issue No. : 8

Date : 30 August 2024

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MATERIALS/ PRODUCTS TESTED	TESTS/PROPERTIES	STANDARD METHODS
B4.	Determination of particle density / specific gravity	BS 1377-2:2022 #9 BS EN ISO 17892-3: 2015 ASTM D854-23
B5.	Determination of particle size distribution	BS 1377-2: 2022 #10 BS EN ISO 17892-4:2016 ASTM D6913/D6913M-17 ASTM D7928-21e1
B6.	a) Determination of one-dimension consolidation properties b) Incremental loading oedometer test	BS 1377-2:2022 #16 ASTM D2435/D2435M-11 (2020) BS EN ISO 17892-5:2017
B7.	Determination of swelling and collapse characteristics	BS 1377-2:2022 #17
B8.	a) Determination of permeability in a triaxial cell b) Permeability tests	BS 1377-2:2022 #23 BS EN ISO 17892-11:2019
B9.	Determination of unconfined compressive strength (UCT)	BS 1377-2:2022 #27 BS EN ISO 17892-7:2018 ASTM D2166/D2166M-16
B10.	a) Unconsolidated undrained (UU) triaxial test b) Unconsolidated undrained triaxial test with measurement of pore water pressure (UUwpw test) c) Multistage loading (MUU test)	BS 1377-2:2022 #28 BS EN ISO 17892-8:2018 ASTM D2850-23 K.H. Head Vol 3 Chapter 19.3 BS 1377-7:1990#9
B11.	a) Consolidated triaxial compression test on water saturated soil (CIU & CAU tests) b) Multistage loading (MCU test)	BS1377-2:2022 #29 BS EN ISO 17892-9:2018 ASTM D4767-11 (2020) K.H Head Vol.3 Chapter 13.6.5
B12.	a) Consolidated triaxial compression test on water saturated soil (CID & CAD tests) b) Multistage loading (MCD test)	BS 1377-2:2022 #30 BS EN ISO 17892-9:2018 ASTM D7181-20 K.H Head Vol.3 Chapter 19.2

Schedule



Certificate No. : LA-2013-0548-B

Issue No. : 8

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MATERIALS/ PRODUCTS TESTED	TESTS/PROPERTIES	STANDARD METHODS
B13.	Determination of resistivity test – Wenner probe method	BS 1377-3:2018+A1:2021 #13.5 ASTM G57-20
B14.	Determination of thermal conductivity of soil and soft rock by thermal needle probe procedure	ASTM D5334-22 ^{ae1}
B15.	Thermal resistivity measurements of soils and backfill materials	IEEE 442-2017
B16.	Determination of maximum and minimum dry densities for coarse soils	BS 1377-2:2022 #12
B17.	Determination of dry density / water content relationship (compaction)	BS 1377-2:2022 #11
B18.	Slaking Test	MPA Annex 2: Section D
B19.	Dispersibility by Pinhole Test Apparatus	BS 1377-2: 2022 # 18 ASTM D4647 / D4647M-13 (Reapproved 2020)
B20.	Direct Shear by Small Shearbox	BS 1377-2: 2022 # 25 BS EN ISO 17892-10: 2018 ASTM D3080 / D3080M-23
B21.	Consolidation – One Dimensional Test using Controlled Strain Loading (CSL)	ASTM D4186 / D4186M-20e1 BS EN ISO 19901-8 # B.3.3: 2023
B22.	In-situ Plate Load Test	BS 1377: 1990: Part 9: Clause 4.1
B23.	Amount of Material Finer than 75 μ m (No. 200) Sieve in Soils by Washing	ASTM D1140-17
B24.	Rapid Determination of Carbonate Content of Soil	ASTM D4373-21
C. GEOTEXTILE		
C1.	(a) Wide-Width Tensile Test of Geotextiles	ASTM D4595-23
	(b) Geosynthetics – Wide Width Tensile Test	BS EN ISO 10319: 2015
C2.	(a) Prefabricated Vertical Drain (PVD) Discharge Capacity Test	ASTM D4716 / D4716M-22
	(b) Geosynthetics – Test Method for the determination of water discharge capacity for prefabricated vertical drains (Index Test)	BS EN ISO 12958-1:2020

Schedule



Certificate No. : LA-2013-0548-B

Issue No. : 8

Date : 30 August 2024

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MATERIALS/ PRODUCTS TESTED	TESTS/PROPERTIES	STANDARD METHODS
C3.	(c) Geosynthetics – Test Method for the determination of water discharge capacity for prefabricated vertical drains (Performance Test)	BS EN ISO 12958-2: 2020
	(a) Prefabricated Vertical Drain (PVD) Discharge Capacity Test with kinks (NUS Method 2)	ASTM D4716/D4716M-22
	(b) Geosynthetics – Test Method for the determination discharge capacity for prefabricated vertical drains with kinks (Index Test) – NUS Method 2	BS EN ISO 12958-1: 2020
C4.	(c) Geosynthetics – Test Method for the determination of water discharge capacity for prefabricated vertical kinks (Performance Test) – NUS Method 2	BS EN ISO 12958-2: 2020
	(a) Apparent Opening Size of Geotextile	ASTM D4751-21a
	(b) Determination of the Characteristic Opening Size	BS EN ISO 12956: 2020
C5.	(a) Geosynthetics Nominal Thickness of Geotextile	ASTM D5199-12 (Reapproved 2019)
	(b) Geosynthetics – Determination of Thickness at Specific Pressure – Part 1: Single Layers	BS EN ISO 9863-1: 2016 + A1: 2019
C6.	Trapezoid Tearing Test of Geotextiles	ASTM D4533/ D4533M-15 (2023)
C7.	Grab Breaking Load and Elongation of Geotextiles	ASTM D4632/ D4632M-15a (2023)
C8.	(a) Water Permeability of Geotextiles by Permittivity	ASTM D4491/D4491M-22
	(b) Determination of water permeability characteristics normal to the plane, without load	BS EN ISO 11058: 2019

Schedule



Certificate No. : LA-2013-0548-B

Issue No. : 8

Date : 30 August 2024

Page : 5 of 7

MATERIALS/ PRODUCTS TESTED	TESTS/PROPERTIES	STANDARD METHODS
C9.	(a) In-Plane Permeability of Geotextiles	ASTM D4716/D4716M-22
	(b) Geotextiles and geotextile-related products – Determination of water flow capacity in their plane (Index Test)	BS EN ISO 12958-1: 2020
	(c) Geotextiles and geotextile-related products – Determination of water flow capacity in their plane (Performance Test)	BS EN ISO 12958-2: 2020
C10.	(a) Static Puncture Strength of Geotextiles	ASTM D6241-22a
	(b) Geosynthetics – Static Puncture Test (CBR Test)	BS EN ISO 12236: 2006
C11.	(a) Measuring Mass per unit area of Geotextiles	ASTM D5261-10 (Reapproved 2018)
	(b) Geosynthetics – Determination of mass per unit area of geotextiles and geotextile-related products	BS EN ISO 9864: 2005
C12.	Geosynthetics – Dynamics Perforation Test (Cone Drop Test)	BS EN 918 / ISO 13433: 2006
C13.	(a) Geosynthetics – Tensile test for joint / seams by wide-width strip method	ISO 10321: 2008
	(b) Strength of Sewn or Bonded Seams of Geotextiles	ASTM D4884 / D4884M-22
C14.	Deterioration of Geotextiles by Exposure to Light, Moisture and Heat in A Xenon Arc-Type Apparatus	ASTM D4355/D4355M-21
C15.	Standard Test Method for Index Puncture Resistance of Geomembrane and Related Product	ASTM D4833 / D4833M-07 (Reapproved 2020)
C16.	Standard Test Method for Breaking Force and Elongation of Textile Fabrics (Strip Method)	ASTM D5035-11 (Reapproved 2019)
C17.	Tensile Properties of Geogrids by the Single or Multi-Rib Tensile Method	ASTM D6637 / D6637M-15 (2023)

Schedule



Certificate No. : LA-2013-0548-B

Issue No. : 8

Date : 30 August 2024

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Schedule



Certificate No. : LA-2013-0548-B

Issue No. : 8

Date : 30 August 2024

Page : 7 of 7

MATERIALS/ PRODUCTS TESTED	TESTS/PROPERTIES	STANDARD METHODS
D. ROCK		
D1.	Dimension and Shape Tolerance	ASTM D4543-19
D2.	Water Content of Soil & Rock	ASTM D2216-19 ISRM 1977: Part 1-1
D3.	Point Load Test	ASTM D5731-16 ISRM 1985
D4.	Compressive Strength Test	ASTM D7012-23 ISRM 1979
D5.	Swelling Pressure Index	ISRM 1977: Part 2-1
D6.	Swelling Strain Index	ISRM 1977: Part 2-2
D7.	Slake Durability of Shales and Other Similar Weak Rocks	ASTM D4644 -16
E. CONCRETE		
E1.	Compressive Strength of Hardened Concrete Cube	BS EN 12390-3: 2019

Approved Signatories

Mr Chong Kean Chew	- Section A (except A6)
Mr Gilbert Chuah F S	- Section A6
Mr Tang Kim Chuan	- Section A6
Dr Henry Tan C Y	- Sections B, C, D & E
Mr Tay Keng Hui	- Sections B (except B22 and B24), D & E
Mr Htet Wai Myint	- Sections B (except B22), D & E

Note :

This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognised International Standard ISO/IEC 17025. A laboratory's fulfilment of the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025 means the laboratory meets both the technical competence requirements and **management system requirements** that are necessary for it to consistently deliver technically valid tests. The **management system requirements** in ISO/IEC 17025 are written in language relevant to laboratory operations and operate generally in accordance with the principles of ISO 9001.

SINGAPORE LABORATORY ACCREDITATION SCHEME



Schedule

Geonamics (S) Pte Ltd
Site Laboratory:
Tanah Merah Coast Road T
Supply Lot 04962N(PT) MK31 LP112F
Singapore 490000

Certificate No. : LA-2013-0548-B-1
Issue No. : 4
Date : 16 August 2023
Expiry of Certificate : 15 September 2025
Page : 1 of 2

FIELD OF TESTING : Civil Engineering Testing

MATERIALS/ PRODUCTS TESTED	Item	TESTS /PROPERTIES	STANDARD METHODS/ TECHNIQUES
A. SOIL	1.0	Determination of moisture / water content	- BS 1377-2:1990 CL 3 - BS 1377-2: 2022 # 4 - BS EN ISO 17892-1:2014+ A1: 2022
	2.0	Determination of liquid limit, plastic limit and plasticity index & shrinkage characteristics – linear shrinkage	- BS 1377-2:1990 CL 4 & 5 - BS 1377-2: 2022 # 5,6 & 7 - BS EN ISO 17892-12: 2018 + A2: 2022
	3.0	Determination of dry and bulk density	- BS 1377-2:1990 CL 7 - BS 1377-2: 2022 # 8 - BS EN ISO 17892-2:2014
	4.0	Determination of particle density	- BS 1377-2:1990 CL 8 - BS 1377-2: 2022 #9 - BS EN ISO 17892-3:2015
	5.0	Determination of particle size distribution	- BS 1377-2:1990 CL 9 - BS 1377-2: 2022 #10 - BS EN ISO 17892-4:2016
	6.1	Determination of one-dimensional consolidation properties	- BS 1377-5:1990 CL 3 - BS 1377-2: 2022 # 16
	6.2	Incremental loading oedometer test	- BS EN ISO 17892-5:2017
	7.0	Determination of swelling and collapse characteristics	- BS 1377-5:1990 CL 4 - BS 1377-2: 2022 # 17
	8.1	Determination of permeability in a triaxial cell	- BS 1377-6-1990 CL 6 - BS 1377-2: 2022 # 23
	8.2	Permeability tests	- BS EN ISO 17892-11:2019

Schedule



Certificate No. : LA-2013-0548-B-1

Issue No. : 4

Date : 16 August 2023

Page : 2 of 2

MATERIALS/ PRODUCTS TESTED	Item	TESTS /PROPERTIES	STANDARD METHODS/ TECHNIQUES
A. SOIL	9.0	Determination of unconfined compressive strength (UCT)	- BS 1377-7:1990 CL 7 - BS 1377-2: 2022 # 27 - BS EN ISO 17892-7:2018
	10.1	Unconfined undrained triaxial test	- BS 1377-7:1990 CL 8 - BS 1377-2: 2022 # 28 - BS EN ISO 17892-8:2018
	10.2	Unconsolidated undrained triaxial test with measurement of pore pressure (UUwpw test)	- K.H. Head Vol 3 Chapter 19.3
	10.3	Multistage loading (MUU test)	- BS 1377-7:1990 CL 9
	11.1	Consolidated triaxial compression test on water saturated soil (CIU & CAU tests)	- BS 1377-8:1990 CL 4,5,6 & 7 - BS 1377-2: 2022 # 29 - BS EN ISO 17892-9:2018
	11.2	Multistage loading (MCU test)	- K.H Head Vol.3 Chapter 13.6.5
	12.1	Consolidated triaxial compression test on water saturated soil (CID & CAD tests)	- BS 1377-8:1990 CL 4,5,6&8 - BS 1377-2: 2022 # 30 - BS EN ISO 17892-9:2018
	12.2	Multistage loading (MCD test)	- K.H Head Vol.3 Chapter 19.2
	13.0	Determination of resistivity test – Wenner probe method	- BS 1377-3:2018 CL 13.5 - BS 1377-3: 2018+ A1: 2021 # 13.5

Approved Signatories

Dr Henry Tan C Y

- Section A

Mr Tay Keng Hui

- Section A

Note :

This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognised International Standard ISO/IEC 17025. A laboratory's fulfilment of the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025 means the laboratory meets both the technical competence requirements and **management system requirements** that are necessary for it to consistently deliver technically valid test results. The **management system requirements** in ISO/IEC 17025 are written in language relevant to laboratory operations and operate generally in accordance with the principles of ISO 9001.

Schedule

Geonamics (S) Pte Ltd
5 Kwong Min Road
Singapore 628708

Certificate No. : IB-2019-173-F
Issue No. : 6
Date : 08 February 2024
Expiry of Certificate : 24 January 2027
Page : 1 of 3

Inspection Field : Site Investigation

Type A Inspection Body

TYPE OF PRODUCT	TYPE AND RANGE OF INSPECTION	INSPECTION METHOD, CODES OR STANDARDS USED
1. Soil	Site Investigation Identification, description and classification Under Undisturbed Sampling a) Stationary Piston Sampler b) Open Thin Wall Sampler c) Mazier Sampler Under Functional Testing a) Cone Penetration Test (CPT) b) Standard Penetration Test (SPT) c) Vane Shear Test d) Field Permeability Test	BS 5930:1999+A2:2010 / BS 5930: 2015+A1:2020 BS EN 1997-2:2007 SS EN 1997-2: 2010 (2015) BS EN ISO 22475-1: 2021 BS EN ISO 14688:2018, Parts 1 and 2 BS EN ISO 22475-1: 2021 BS 5930: 2015+A1:2020 ASTM D 5778-20 BS 5930: 2015+A1: 2020, Section 39 BS EN ISO 22476-1: 2023 BS EN ISO 22476-3: 2005+A1:2011 BS 1377: 1990: Part 9, Clause 3.3 BS 1377:1990: Part 9, Clause 4.4 BS EN ISO 22476-9 :2020 BS EN ISO 22282-1: 2012 BS EN ISO 22282-2: 2012 BS 5930: 2015+A1: 2020, Section 48

Schedule



Certificate No. : IB-2019-173-F

Issue No. : 6

Date : 08 February 2024

Page : 2 of 3

TYPE OF PRODUCT	TYPE AND RANGE OF INSPECTION	INSPECTION METHOD, CODES OR STANDARDS USED
2. Rock	e) In Situ Density Test- Sand Replacement method	BS 1377: 1990: Part 9: Clause 2.1
	f) Radio-Isotope Cone Test	Geonamics In-House Method, REV 0
	g) Earth Resistivity / Soil Resistivity Test	ASTM G57-20 (Wenner Four-Electrode Method)
	h) Pressuremeter Test • Pressuremeter Test (Menard)	BS EN ISO 22476-4: 2021
	Site Investigation	BS 5930:1999+A2:2010 / BS 5930: 2015+A1:2020 BS EN 1997-2:2007 SS EN 1997-2: 2010 (2015) BS EN ISO 22475-1: 2021
	Identification, description and classification	BS EN ISO 14689:2018
3. Geotechnical Borehole Instrumentation & Monitoring	Under Undisturbed Sampling a) Rock Core Barrel	BS EN ISO 22475-1: 2021 BS 5930: 2015+A1: 2020, Section 24.11.3 & 25.7
	Under Functional Testing a) Pressuremeter Test • Pressuremeter Test (Menard)	BS EN ISO 22476-4: 2021
	Measuring Displacement a) Magnetic Extensometer b) Rod Extensometer c) Inclinator d) Total Station e) Digital Level f) Tiltmeter	BS EN ISO 18674-2: 2016 BS EN ISO 18674-2: 2016 BS EN ISO 18674-3: 2017+A1: 2020 BS EN ISO 18674-1: 2015 BS EN ISO 18674-1: 2015 BS EN ISO 18674-1: 2015
	Measuring Pressure a) Vibrating Wire Piezometer b) Casagrande Piezometer c) Total Pressure Cells	BS EN ISO 18674-4: 2020 BS EN ISO 18674-4: 2020 BS EN ISO 18674-5: 2019
	Measuring Groundwater Level a) Water Standpipes	BS EN ISO 18674-1: 2015

Schedule



Certificate No. : IB-2019-173-F

Issue No. : 6

Date : 08 February 2024

Page : 3 of 3

TYPE OF PRODUCT	TYPE AND RANGE OF INSPECTION	INSPECTION METHOD, CODES OR STANDARDS USED
4. Instrumentation & Monitoring for Struts	Measuring Force a) Load Cells b) Strain Gauges Miscellaneous Instruments a) Geophone Accelerometer	BS EN ISO 18674-1: 2015 BS EN ISO 18674-1: 2015 BS EN ISO 18674-1: 2015

Approved signatories

Er Yeoh Boon Kang - Rock and Soil

Dr. Henry Tan CY - Instrumentation & Monitoring for Geotechnical Borehole and Struts

Note:

An inspection body's fulfilment of the requirements of ISO/IEC 17020:2012 means the Inspection body meets both the technical competence requirements and **management system requirements** that are necessary for it to consistently deliver technically valid inspection results. The **management system requirements** in ISO/IEC 17020:2012 (Section 8) are written in language relevant to inspection body operations and are aligned with the pertinent requirements of ISO 9001.

ACCREDITATION SCHEME FOR CERTIFICATION BODIES



Schedule

Geonamics (S) Pte Ltd
5 Kwong Min Road
Singapore 628708

Certificate No : PD-2023-27
Issue No : 1
Date : 05 June 2023
Expiry of Certificate : 04 June 2027
Page : 1 of 1

Product Certification Scheme – Ready Mixed Concrete

ISO/IEC Type 5 Certification scheme consisting of type test of a sample of the product representative of production; initial inspection of production control; and subsequent periodic inspection of production control, quality management system and samples of the product

Standard used for certification: SS EN 206: 2014
Concrete – Specification, performance, production and conformity

SS 544: Part 1: 2019 (including Amendment No.1 - 2021)
Concrete – Complementary Singapore Standard to SS EN 206
- Part 1: Method of specifying and guidance for the specifier

SS 544: Part 2: 2019 (including Amendment No. 1 – 2021)
Concrete – Complementary Singapore Standard to SS EN 206
- Part 2: Specification for constituent materials and concrete

SAC CT 06: 2019
SAC Criteria for Ready-Mixed Concrete Producers

Overseas location(s) with key activities: Nil

Countries where certificates are issued: Singapore, Malaysia

Appendix 5 – Brochures of Testing Services

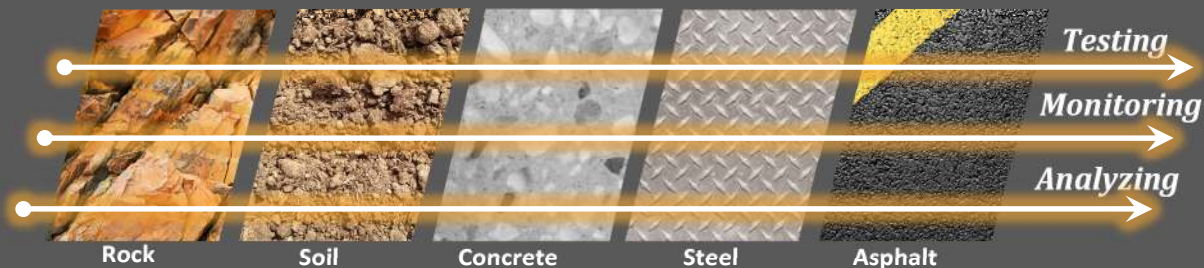
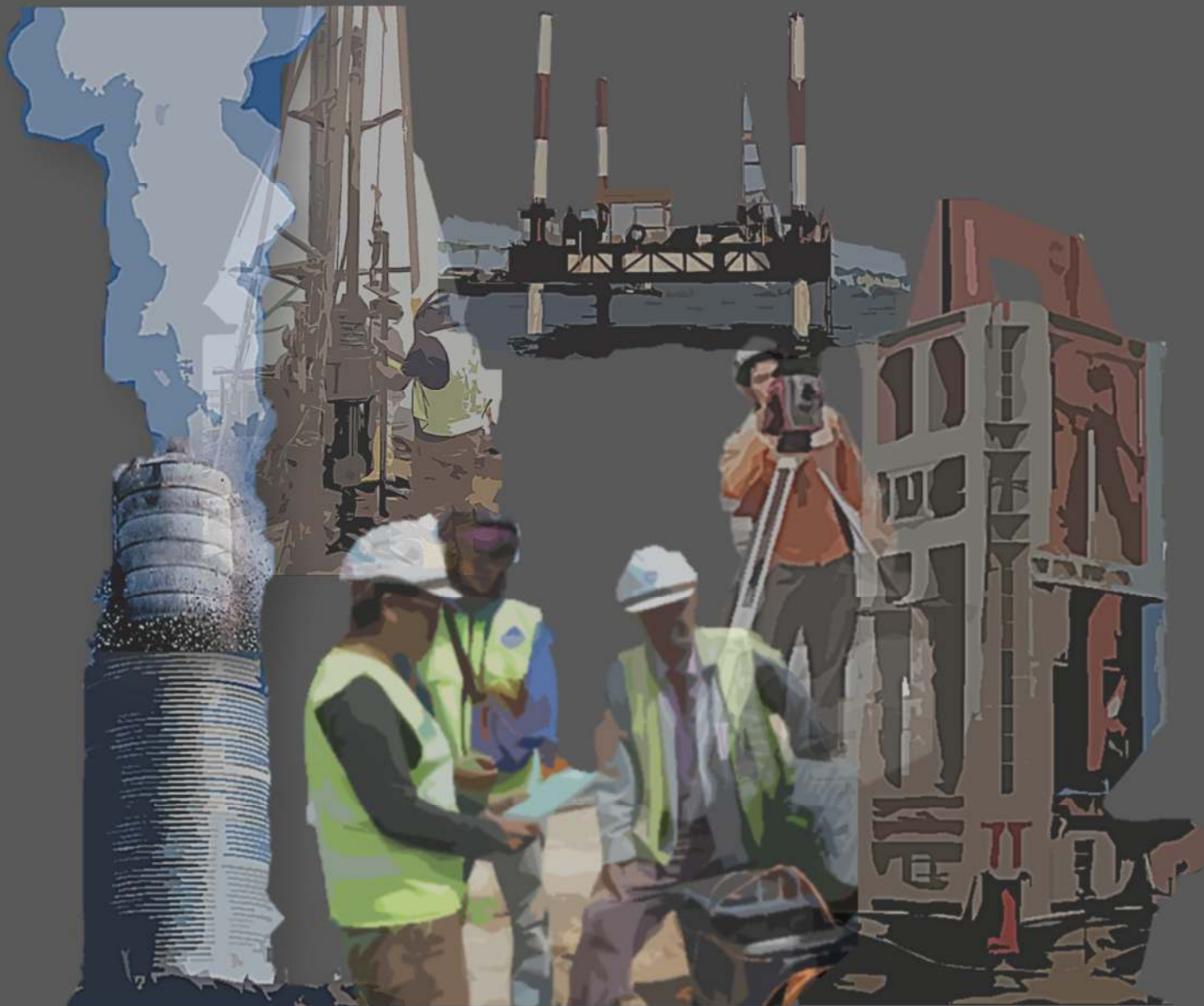


Ground Investigation & Geophysical Tests
Geotechnical Instrumentation & Monitoring
Construction Materials Testing
Shaft Area Profile Evaluator

Rapid Pile Load Test
Low-Strain & High-Strain Dynamic Pile Tests
Bidirectional Pile Load Test

GEONAMICS (M) SDN. BHD.

TESTING SERVICES OVERVIEW



GEONAMICS (M) SDN. BHD. (Reg. No: 342862-W)

No. 6, Lot 25, Jalan Udang Harimau I, Medan Niaga Kepong, 51200, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

Phone: +603 6243 4715

Email: info@geonamics.com.my

Fax: +603 6242 6496

Website: www.geonamics.com.my

CERTIFIED
ISO 9001



Ground Investigation & Geophysical Tests
Geotechnical Instrumentation & Monitoring
Construction Materials Testing
Shaft Area Profile Evaluator

Rapid Pile Load Test
Low-Strain & High-Strain Dynamic Pile Tests
Bidirectional Pile Load Test



GEONAMICS (M) SDN. BHD.

COMPANY PROFILE

Geonamics (M) Sdn. Bhd. is founded in 1995, as a subsidiary of Geolab (M) Sdn. Bhd. The group of Geolab (M) Sdn. Bhd. is recognized as a market leader in the construction industry for construction materials, ground investigation and exploration works, geotechnical engineering related instrumentation and monitoring works and various deep foundation testing.

Over the many years of development, Geonamics exposure to needs of industry to integrate various testing services, instrumentation and monitoring work have enabled the company to established a series of testing services specific to local problems and engineering conditions. Geonamics is therefore uniquely placed to provide reliable and cost effective solutions. With that, Geonamics own a chain of branches throughout the major cities in Malaysia and Singapore.

Products and Services

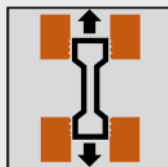
Geonamics is more than a company or product; Geonamics provides almost a full range of testing services in geotechnical engineering works. A large spectrum of engineering testing, instrumentation, monitoring services spanned from pre-construction stage, to during-construction stage and the latter post-construction stage are offered by Geonamics. We covers numerous field and laboratory test and instrument monitoring services.

Quality Control Assurance

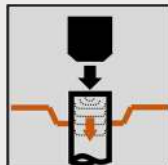
With our experienced Professional Engineers and qualified engineering staffs, we always strive with one common objective: professionalism and reliability in our testing services. Geonamics is constantly embracing new technologies and innovation and to ensure the test services are fully complied to the each latest test standard. The quality control complies in full to ISO 9001 standards and a range of testing services are also accredited by Standard Malaysia (SAMM).



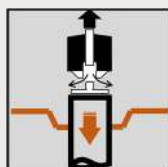
Ground Investigation & Geophysical Tests



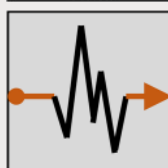
Construction Materials Testing



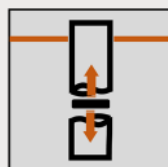
Low-Strain & High-Strain Dynamic Pile Tests



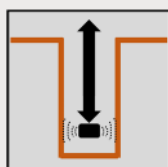
Rapid Pile Load Test



Geotechnical Instrumentation & Monitoring



Bidirectional Pile Load Test



Shaft Area Profile Evaluator (SHAPE)

GEONAMICS (M) SDN. BHD. (Reg. No: 342862-W)

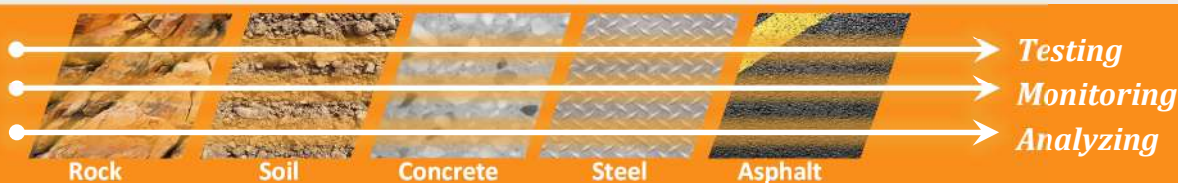
No. 6, Lot 25, Jalan Udang Harimau I, Medan Niaga Kepong, 51200, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

Phone: +603 6243 4715

Fax: +603 6242 6496

Email: info@geonamics.com.my

Website: www.geonamics.com.my



Ground Investigation & Geophysical Tests



Drilling, boring & coring



Geophysical survey

Ground Investigation & Geophysical Tests develops tailored geotechnical exploration programs in support of each client's specific project. We know what is below the surface can be as crucial and complex as the structure it supports. Our team approach to geotechnical engineering extends beyond simply providing engineering data. We educate our clients about the risks and benefits of the engineering recommendations if needed.

Services Include

- ◆ **Drilling, Boring, & Coring** — To penetrate and explore the stratigraphy of ground via drilling, boring, and coring vertically at the specific project location.
- ◆ **In-situ Testing** — To perform various in-situ soil tests at the interested depth according to the specification to derive the in-situ soil properties and behavior. The in-situ tests include standard penetration test, vane shear test, field permeability test, cone penetration test, pressuremeter, Mackintosh Probe Test, and etc.
- ◆ **In-situ Sampling** — To obtain the disturbed and undisturbed samples for soil/rock for subsequent laboratory testing or evaluation study. A few types of samplers are available for in-situ sampling, include Thin-wall Tube Sampler, Piston Sampler and Mazier Sampler.
- ◆ **Geophysical Surveys & Subsurface Exploration** — For subsurface exploration with a non-destructive method, geophysical survey is an alternative solution to provide an overview of the ground stratigraphy via resistivity or seismic techniques.

Why Geonamics?

- ◆ Expert in the market.
- ◆ Advanced on-shore and off-shore exploration capability.
- ◆ Industry-leading in-situ testing.
- ◆ Advanced geotechnical laboratory testing capability.



In-situ Sampling Specimen



Construction Materials Testing



Triaxial Tests



Liquid Limit Test



Sieve Test



Hydrometer Test



Tensile Test

Construction Materials Testing Department is primarily running a laboratory and field works that testing structural materials used to construct a project from the ground up, or components used to construct new additions to an existing facility. The scopes include destructive and non-destructive testing and evaluation for earthwork, shallow and deep foundations, concrete, structural masonry, structural steel, and asphalt pavement. We deliver field and laboratory reports rapidly, giving the construction team valuable information on a timely basis. All tests results are reviewed and approved by our test engineer and endorsed by authorized signatory personnel.

Services Include

- ◆ **Independent Material Testing** — To provide independent third-party testing results for the verification of construction material specifications.
- ◆ **Special Inspections** — To test items that require a construction materials testing and require an inspection program conducted by a third party, specifically for new buildings.

Why Geonamics?

- ◆ Certified personnel
- ◆ Accredited facilities compliance to MS ISO 17025
- ◆ Well-calibrated facilities
- ◆ Rapid providers of innovative solutions for earthwork and foundation construction
- ◆ Advanced soil and materials testing capability



Concrete Cube Test



UPV test



Asphalt test

GEONAMICS (M) SDN. BHD. (Reg. No: 342862-W)

No. 6, Lot 25, Jalan Udang Harimau I, Medan Niaga Kepong, 51200, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

Phone: +603 6243 4715

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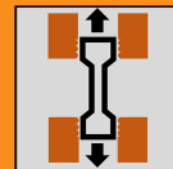
Fax: +603 6242 6496

Website: www.geonamics.com.my

**CERTIFIED
ISO 9001**



SAMM 999

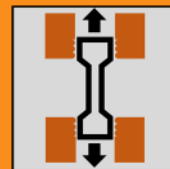


Material	Test	Standard	SAMM Accredited	Ground Investigation & Exploration	Ground Improvement	Deep Foundation & Excavation	Concrete Structure	Road Construction
Rock	Unconfined Compressive Strength of Intact Rock Core Specimens	ASTM D7012-14e1, Method C	✓	✓		✓		
	Determination of the Point Load Strength Index of Rock and Application to Rock Strength Classifications	ASTM D5731-16	✓	✓		✓		
	Elastic Moduli of Intact Rock Core Specimen in Uniaxial Compression	ASTM D7012-14e1, Method D	✓					
Soil	Particle size distribution: Wet sieving, dry sieving and sedimentation by Hydrometer Method	BS 1377-2:1990, Clause 9.2, 9.3 & 9.5	✓	✓	✓			
	Determination of Moisture Content	BS 1377-2:1990, Clause 3	✓	✓	✓			
	Determination of the Liquid Limit: Cone Penetrometer Method	BS 1377-2:1990, Clause 4.3 & 4.4	✓	✓				
	Determination of the Plastic Limit and Plasticity Index	BS 1377-2:1990, Clause 5	✓	✓				
	Determination of Maximum Dry Density/ Moisture Content Relationship: 2.5kg Rammer Method, 4.5kg Rammer Method, Vibrating Hammer Method	BS 1377-4:1990, Clause 3.3, 3.4, 3.5, 3.6 & 3.7	✓	✓				✓
	Determination of Particle Density: Small Pycnometer Method	BS 1377-2:1990, Clause 8.3	✓	✓	✓			
	Determination of Density: Linear Measurement Method	BS 1377-2:1990, Clause 7.2	✓	✓	✓			
	Determination of Shrinkage Characteristics: Linear Shrinkage Method	BS 1377-2:1990, Clause 6.5	✓	✓				
	Determination of California Bearing Ratio (CBR)	BS 1377-4:1990, Clause 7	✓	✓	✓			
	One-Dimensional Consolidation Test	BS 1377-5:1990, Clause 3		✓	✓			
	Determination of Unconfined Compressive Strength	BS 1377-7:1990, Clause 7		✓	✓			
	Determination of Undrained Shear Strength in Triaxial Compression	BS 1377-7:1990, Clause 8 & 9		✓	✓			
	Compressive Strength for Cement Mixed Soil	In house Method		✓	✓			
	Static Modulus of Elasticity for Cement Mixed Soil	In House Method			✓	✓		
	In-situ Density Tests: Sand Replacement Method (Small and Large Pouring Cylinder)	BS 1377-9:1990, Clause 2.1 & 2.2	✓		✓			✓
	In-situ Density Tests: Core Cutter Method	BS 1377-9:1990, Clause 2.4	✓		✓			✓
	Mackintosh Probe Test	In house test method GEO/ CMT/06/01 with reference to JKR Specification	✓	✓	✓			✓
	In-situ Deformation and strength tests: Determination of the In-situ California Bearing Ratio (CBR)	BS 1377-9:1990, Clause 4.3	✓	✓				✓
	Plate Load Test	BS 1377-9: 1990, Clause 4			✓			✓
	Chemical Test for Soil	BS 1377-3:1990		✓	✓	✓		
Bituminous Mixtures & Asphalt	Marshall Stability and Flow of Asphalt Mixtures	ASTM D6927-15	✓					✓
	Bulk Specific Gravity and Density of Non-Absorptive Compacted Asphalt Mixtures	ASTM D2726/D2726M-21	✓					✓
	Quantitative Extraction of Asphalt Binder from Asphalt Mixtures	ASTM D2172/D2172M-17 (Method A- Centrifuge Extraction)	✓					✓
	Thickness or Height of Compacted Asphalt Mixtures	ASTM D3549/D3549-18 (Method A)	✓					✓
	Rate of Spray Prime/Tack Coat	In House Method with reference to JKR Specification	✓					✓

20220307-100-1f (CVIT)



Testing
Monitoring
Analyzing



Material	Test	Standard	SAMM Accredited	Ground Investigation & Exploration	Ground Improvement	Deep Foundation & Excavation	Concrete Structure	Road Construction
Aggregate	Determination of Loose Bulk Density and Voids for Aggregates	BS EN 1097-3:1998	✓					
	Determination of Shell Content-Percentage of Shell in Coarse Aggregate	BS EN 933-7:1998	✓			✓	✓	
	Determination of Clay Lumps and Friable Particles in Aggregates	ASTM C142/C142M-17	✓			✓	✓	
	Determination of Potential Presence of Humus (Organic Impurities)	BS EN 1744-1:2009+A1:2012, Clause 15.1	✓			✓	✓	
	Determination of Particle Size Distribution-Sieving Method	BS EN 933-1:2012	✓			✓	✓	✓
	Determination of Particle Density and Water Absorption	BS EN 1097-6:2013 (Wire Basket Method)	✓			✓	✓	✓
	Determination of pH Value	BS 1377-3:2018, Clause 12	✓			✓	✓	
	Determination of Particle Shape-Shape Index	BS EN 933-4:2009	✓			✓	✓	✓
	Determination of Particle Shape of Flakiness Index	BS EN 933-3:2012, BS 812-105.1:1990	✓			✓	✓	✓
	Soundness of Aggregate	ASTM C88/C88M-18	✓			✓	✓	
	Elongation Index	BS 812-105.2:1990	✓			✓	✓	✓
	Determination of Aggregate Crushing Value (ACV)	BS 812-110:1990	✓			✓	✓	✓
	Determination of Ten Per Cent Fines Value (TFV)	BS 812-111:1990	✓			✓	✓	✓
	Determination of Aggregate Impact Value (AIV)	BS 812-112:1990	✓			✓	✓	✓
	Determination of Sand Equivalent Test	BS EN 933-8:2012+A1:2015, ASTM D 2419-14				✓	✓	✓
	Chemical Tests for Aggregate	BS EN 1744-1:2009+A1:2012				✓	✓	
Concrete	Compressive Strength of Test Specimens	BS EN 12390-3:2019	✓		✓	✓	✓	
	Density of Hardened Concrete	BS EN 12390-7:2019	✓					
	Depth of Penetration of Water Under Pressure	BS EN 12390-8:2019	✓				✓	
	Determination of Carbonation Depth in Hardened Concrete by the Phenolphthalein Method	BS EN 14630:2006					✓	
	Determination of Secant Modulus of Elasticity in Compression	BS EN 12390-13:2021	✓			✓	✓	
	Cored Specimen- Taking, Examining and Testing in Compression	BS EN 12504-1:2019	✓				✓	
	Determination of Water Absorption	BS 1881-122:2011+A1:2020	✓				✓	
	Determination of the Initial Surface Absorption of Concrete	BS 1881-208:1996	✓				✓	
	Flexural Strength of Test Specimens	BS EN 12390-5:2019	✓				✓	
	Tensile Splitting Strength of Test Specimen	BS EN 12390-6:2009	✓				✓	
	Penetration Resistance of Hardened Concrete using Steel Probe (Windsor Probe)	ASTM C803-C803M-18				✓	✓	
	Ultrasonic Pulse Velocity (UPV)	BS EN 12504-4:2021				✓	✓	
	Determination of Rebound Number	BS EN 12504-2:2021					✓	
	Electromagnetic Covermeter	BS 1881-204:1988					✓	
	Magnetic and Non-magnetic Coatings	ASTM B499-09, ASTM B530-09 (2014)					✓	
	Concrete/Rock Core Drilling	In house method			✓	✓	✓	
Metal and Metal Product	Steel Bar- Tensile Properties	MS 145:2014, Clause 8.1.3.1, MS ISO 15630-2:2012, BS EN ISO 15630-2:2019, MS ISO 6892-1:2017 & ISO 15630-2:2019	✓			✓	✓	
	Steel Bar- Bend Performance	MS 145:2014, Clause 7.2.5, MS ISO 15630-2:2012 & BS EN ISO 15630-2:2019	✓			✓	✓	
	Multi Wire Steel Strand (PC Strand)	ASTM A1061/A1061M-2016				✓	✓	
	Welded Steel Fabric- Tensile Properties	MS 145:2014, Clause 8.1.3.1, MS ISO 15630-2:2012, BS EN ISO 15630-2:2019, MS ISO 6892-1:2017 & ISO 6892-1:2019	✓			✓	✓	
	Bend Performance	MS 145:2014, Clause 7.2.5, MS ISO 15630-2:2012 & BS EN ISO 15630-2:2019	✓			✓	✓	
	Weld Shear Force	MS 145:2014, Clause 7.2.4, MS ISO 15630-2:2012, BS EN ISO 15630-2:2019	✓			✓	✓	



Low-Strain Dynamic Load Test & Cross-hole Sonic Logging Test



The Low Strain Dynamic Test Apparatus



Low strain dynamic pile test



The ultrasonic cross-hole (CSL) Test Apparatus



A typical ultrasonic cross-hole testing.

Pile Dynamic & Integrity Testing Department provides a full range of pile tests that used to evaluate the structural integrity and geotechnical capacity of varies pile foundation. We deliver qualified testing engineers for field testing, and the subsequent post-analysis and interpretation of the test results if required. All tests results are reviewed by authorized signatory personnel and endorsed by our professional engineer.

Services Include

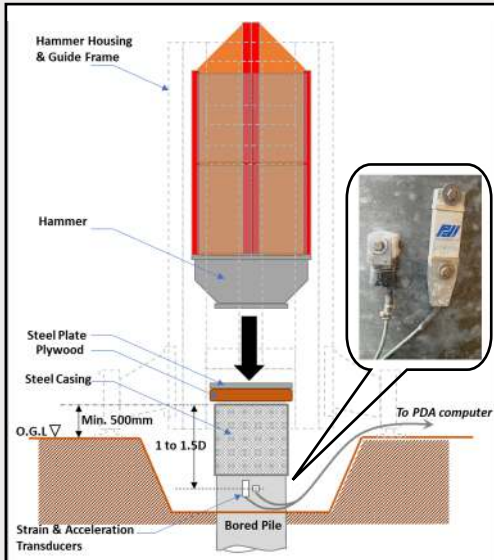
- ♦ **Low Strain Impact Integrity Testing (ASTM D5882-16)** — The top of the pile is tapped with a lightweight hammer to generate wave in the pile and record the reflected wave by an accelerometer. The reflected wave signal or reflectogram is used to evaluate the continuity of the tested pile.
- ♦ **Ultrasonic Cross-hole Testing (ASTM D6760-17)** — A direct transmission integrity testing method to evaluate the concrete homogeneity in a bored pile. A piezoelectric transducer (i.e. Transmitter) is used to generate an ultrasonic signal that propagate as sound/compression wave crosses the concrete section and recorded by another transducer (i.e. Receiver) in the pre-installed tubes.

Why Geonamics?

- ♦ Certified testing personnel
- ♦ Well-calibrated equipment
- ♦ Well-compiled local case references



High Strain Dynamic Load Testing of Deep Foundation (HSDLT)



Schematic diagram of HSDLT



HSDLT with 60tonnes of hammer

Pile Dynamic & Integrity Testing Department provides High Strain Dynamic Load Testing of Deep Foundation with the field work compliance to ASTM D4945-17 which under accreditation of SAMM. We deliver qualified testing engineers for field testing, and the subsequent post-analysis and interpretation of the test results if required. All tests results are reviewed by authorized signatory personnel and endorsed by our professional engineer.

Services Include

- ◆ **Pile Driving Monitoring Test** — In the monitoring test, the soil resistance, driving hammer performance, maximum driving stresses, and pile integrity of each hammer blow are continuously monitored and evaluated. With that, HSDLT helps to establish the driving criterion and contributes to safe and economical production pile installation.
- ◆ **Driven Pile Restrike Test** — The soil strength changes as a function of time, that the calculated capacities correspond to the time of testing (i.e. End of Drive (EOD) or Begin of Restrike (BOR)). Therefore restrike tests are important, especially to correlate the dynamic test and a static load test.
- ◆ **Bored Pile Strike Test** — After the installation of bored pile with achievement of adequate compressive strength, HSDLT can be performed on bored piles to estimate the pile capacity and integrity at field. It is followed by a post-analysis verification work with signal matching process via CAPWAP.

Why Geonamics?

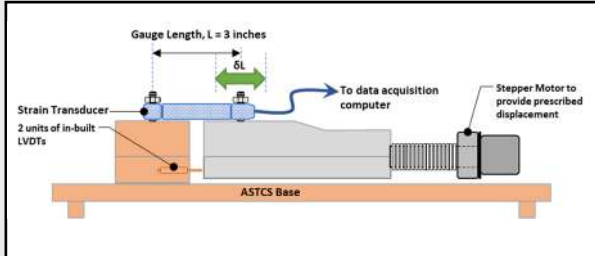
- ◆ Accredited by SAMM (work accordance to ASTM D4945-17).
- ◆ Traceability of Measurement Results.
- ◆ Certified testing personnel
- ◆ Well-calibrated equipment
- ◆ Well-compiled local case references
- ◆ Testing equipment especially for large diameter of pile



Calibration of PDI Strain Transducer



PDI Strain Transducer.



Schematic diagram of ASTCS calibrator.



The overall view of ASTCS calibrator.

Strain transducer is the key sensor in High Strain Dynamic Load Test (HSDLT) to measure the mobilized strain at the pile head to deduce the dynamic forces. According to ASTM D4945-17, the transducers shall be calibrated prior to installation or mounting to an accuracy of 3% throughout the applicable measurement range. The need for calibration arises frequently in the use of strain transducer instrumentation. Periodic calibration is required to assure the accuracy and linearity of the instrument itself.

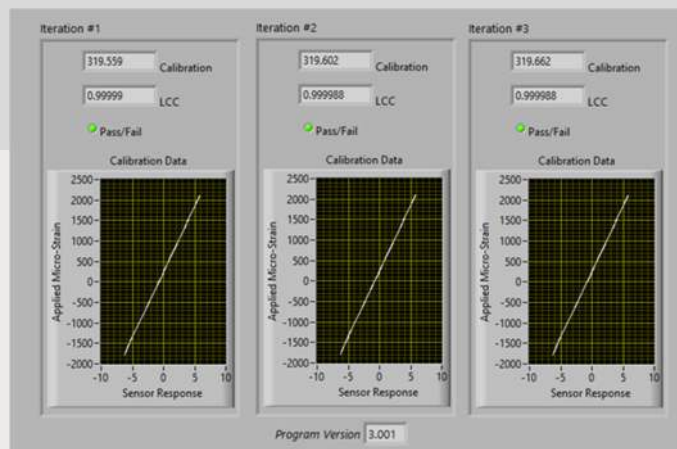
Services Include

Calibration* — BDI Automated Strain Transducer Calibration System (ASTCS) machine offer a “direct” calibration method of PDI strain transducer. By given a known accurate excitation voltage and a known prescribed displacement of the transducer, a calibration factor/sensitivity of strain transducer in term of $\mu\epsilon/mV$ can be deduced.

**Geonamics offer a calibration of PDI Strain Transducer with SAMM accredited scope accordance to an in-house method.*

Why Geonamics?

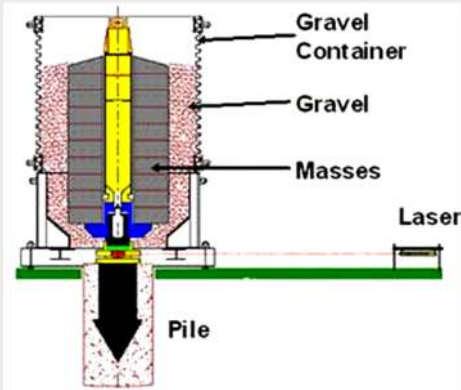
- ◆ Accredited by SAMM based on ISO/IEC 17025.
- ◆ Traceability of Measurement Results.
- ◆ Established of Measurement of Uncertainty.
- ◆ Well-calibrated equipment.



Iteration of multicycle of calibration.



Rapid Pile Load Test



Schematic diagram of Statnamic Test



Setup of Statnamic Test



Launching of Statnamic Test

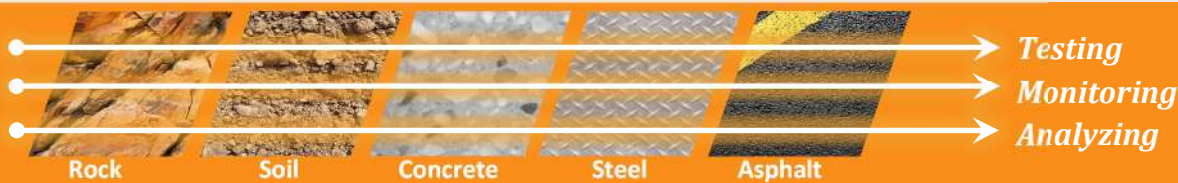
Rapid Load Test Department is specialized in performing one of the Rapid Load Tests called *Statnamic Test*. The pile load testing is a critical step to evaluate a pile foundation, to verify design parameters as well as to evaluate pile performance. Statnamic Test offers a more efficient, quicker, and/or cost effective pile load test than the conventional Static Load Test (SLT).

Services Include

- ◆ **Rapid Load Test (Statnamic Test)** — It launches a reaction mass from the pile head with fast-expanding and high-pressure gases in a confined cylinder. The high-pressure gases are produced by the burning of a solid propellant fuel within the piston cylinder assembly. Typically, the reaction mass is accelerated upwards at 20g, thus a downward force in the order of 20 times the reaction mass will be generated. Therefore, the required reaction mass is only 5% of the static mass equivalent to the final test load. This salient feature of STN has become one of the key advantages over the conventional SLT. It saves the required amount of reaction mass in the pile load test, and hence time and effort in setting up.
- ◆ **Preinstallation of Instruments in Pile** — To capture the mobilization of skin friction, end-bearing component, or elastic shortening of a pile, we offer the installation of instruments such as strain gauges or extensometer and monitoring works during the Statnamic Test.

Why Rapid Load Test with Geonamics?

- ◆ Suitable for On-shore and Off-shore pile foundation.
- ◆ Significant reduction of setting-up time for a pile load test.
- ◆ Less space requirements.
- ◆ Less logistic hassle, less carbon footprint, environmental friendly.
- ◆ Consistent and user-independent results that correlate well with static load testing (SLT) results.
- ◆ Accepted in international relevant codes (ASTM, Japan, Eurocode etc.).
- ◆ Higher productivity.



Geotechnical Instrumentation & Monitoring



Instrumentation and monitoring for deep excavation



Lateral pile load test monitoring



Shape Accel Array (SAA) system



Instrumentation and monitoring for slope stability

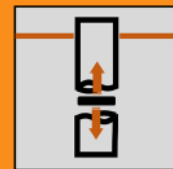
Geotechnical Instrumentation & Monitoring Department is specialized in performing the installation of instrumentation and the subsequent monitoring works on the specified construction activities by the client. There is a need to raise the alarm for the impact of the construction activities to the surrounding existing structural or the environment by a consistent monitoring scheme. We cover the instrumentation and monitoring that are required in the deep excavation, backfilling activities, reclamation, slope stability, meteorological study, tunneling, as well as the environmental effect of construction.

Instrumentation Services Include

- ♦ **Tilt Meter** — A tiltmeter is a sensitive inclinometer designed to measure very small changes from the vertical level, either on the ground or in structures.
- ♦ **Standpipe Piezometer** — Pore pressure of soil is importance to evaluate the ground behaviour, before—during—and after construction. The piezometer is suitable choice of instrument for this purpose.
- ♦ **Settlement Marker** — Settlement markers are installed on the columns of existing structures or buildings to determine any inherence settlement or heave.
- ♦ **Inclinometer** — Portable vertical inclinometer probe is used to obtain segment inclination through vertically installed inclinometer casing which make gradual displacement with subsoil movement.
- ♦ **Shape Accel Array (SAA)** — SAA is an advanced innovative instruments that can be installed near vertical to track the magnitude and direction of lateral deformation, or near horizontal to track vertical deformation. It can also be installed along the cross-section of tunnels to measure convergence. The SAA is also able to monitor 3D vibration data and temperature if required with special built-in sensors.
- ♦ **Noise & Vibration Monitoring** — The assessment of impact from noise and vibration due to industrial activities can be measured and monitored over periods of duration.
- ♦ **Others** — There are many other geotechnical instruments offered by this department and kindly contact us for details.

Why Geonamics?

- ♦ Well-calibrated equipment.
- ♦ Well-trained engineers.



Bidirectional Pile Load Test

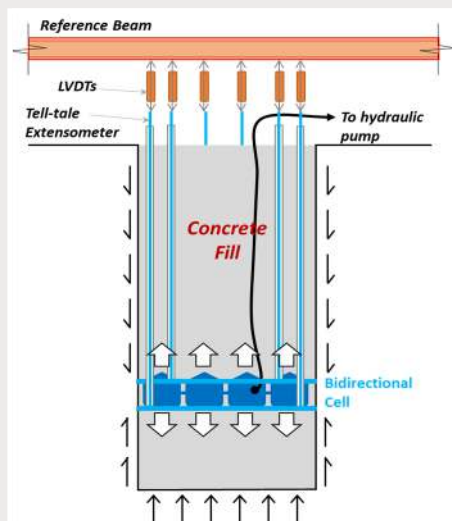
Bidirectional Load Test is to examine the pile performance in accordance with the design, to verify the soil parameters used in the design conformed to the ground condition. The design of the bored pile will be evaluated if any discrepancy found from the pile load test regarding to the bearing capacity and the soil parameters. With our synergy partner who is one of the pioneer of Bidirectional Test in China, we are pleased to provide this professional testing service.

Services Include

- ◆ **Preinstallation of Instruments in Pile** — To capture the mobilization of skin friction, end-bearing component, or elastic shortening of a pile, we offer the installation of instruments such as strain gauges or extensometer and monitoring works during the Bidirectional Load Test.
- ◆ **Bidirectional Load Test** — is a static pile load test that incorporates single or multiple-layer of sacrificial hydraulic jack-like device that assembled in a symmetrical Bidirectional (BD) Cell. The BD cell will be placed at the depth of equivalent capacity between the upper and lower portion of the pile. The Equivalent Top-loaded Load Settlement curve can be derived by measuring the displacement of upward and downward movement of the BD cell corresponding to the loading step.

Why Geonamics?

- ◆ Well-calibrated hydraulic jacks by ILAC-MRA accredited laboratory before assembly to a BD cell.
- ◆ Well QA/QC record on leakage etc. before delivery of BD cell.
- ◆ Experienced installer.



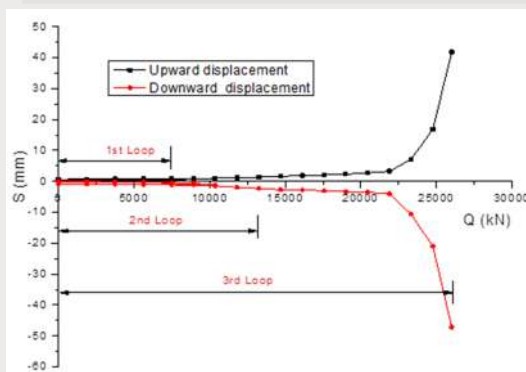
Schematic diagram of Bidirectional Test



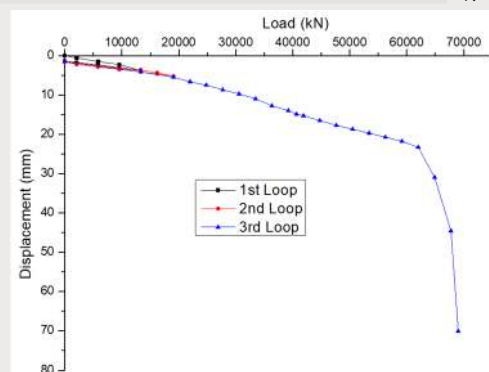
A typical bidirectional cell for bored pile



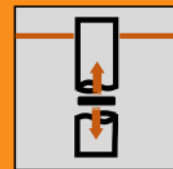
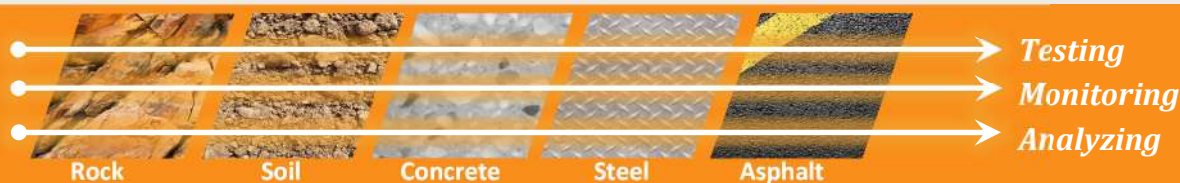
Installation of bidirectional cell inside the reinforcement cage



A typical upward and downward displacement in a bidirectional test



The equivalent top-loaded load settlement curve



Bidirectional Pile Load Test

Case References

Our Bidirectional Load Test has been successfully used to evaluate the capacity of various foundations in many countries. These foundations are built for high-rise buildings, bridges, railway, and various infrastructure. The capacity of the foundation is vital to be verified through a competence test. Several remarkable case references of Bidirectional Test is listed as below:

No.	Country	Projects	Year	Pile dia. (m)	Length (m)	Max. Test Load (t)
1.	China	HangZhou Cross Bay Bridge	2002	2.8	120	6000
2.	China	ZhouSan Islands Westgate Bridge	2004	2.8	40	13009
3.	Vietnam	Daweng Bridge	2005	1.5	48	1426
4.	Vietnam	Qinyu Bridge	2005	2	49	1884
5.	Indonesia	Suramadu Bridge	2006	2.4	97	4883
6.	Cambodia	New Monivong Bridge	2008	1.5	51	1400
7.	Malaysia	The 2nd Penang Bridge	2008	1.2	74	1454
8.	China	WenZhou Bridge	2008	2.2	122	5000
9.	China	Nanjing QingAou Centre	-	2	69	8374
10.	Vietnam	Phu My Hung Shopping Mall	2009	1.5	66	3112
11.	Sudan	Sennar Bridge	2010	1.5	42	2293
12.	Angola	Soyo LNG	2010	1.2	45	794
13.	China	ShenZhen PingAn International Finance Centre	-	1.8	24	1740
14.	Indonesia	Tayan Bridge	2013	1.5	38	1711
15.	Indonesia	Merah Putih Bridge	2014	1.5	46	2090
16.	Mozambique	Maputo Bridge & Link Roads	2014	2.2	100	5774
17.	Cambodia	Diamond Twin Tower	2015	1.2	43	2388
18.	Brunei	Pulau Muara Besar Bridge	2016	1.5	77	6902
19.	Maldives	China-Maldives Friendship Bridge	2016	3.2	44	28929
20.	Singapore	Changi Airport Terminal 5	2017	1	34	958
21.	Singapore	Private Building	2017	0.8	33	837
22.	Indonesia	Jembatan Pendekat Pulau Kalimantan & Pulau Laut	2017	1.5	32	1769
29.	Indonesia	Jembatan Holtekamp Jayapura	2017	1.2	49	1359
30.	Vietnam	The Sun Project	2017	1.8	92	8893



Penang 2nd Bridge, Malaysia



Suramadu Bridge, Indonesia



Shenzhen - PingAn International Finance Centre, China



The Sun Project, Vietnam



Shaft Area Profile Evaluator



The SHAPE equipment.



The SHAPE is lowered down into the bored hole with Kelly Bar

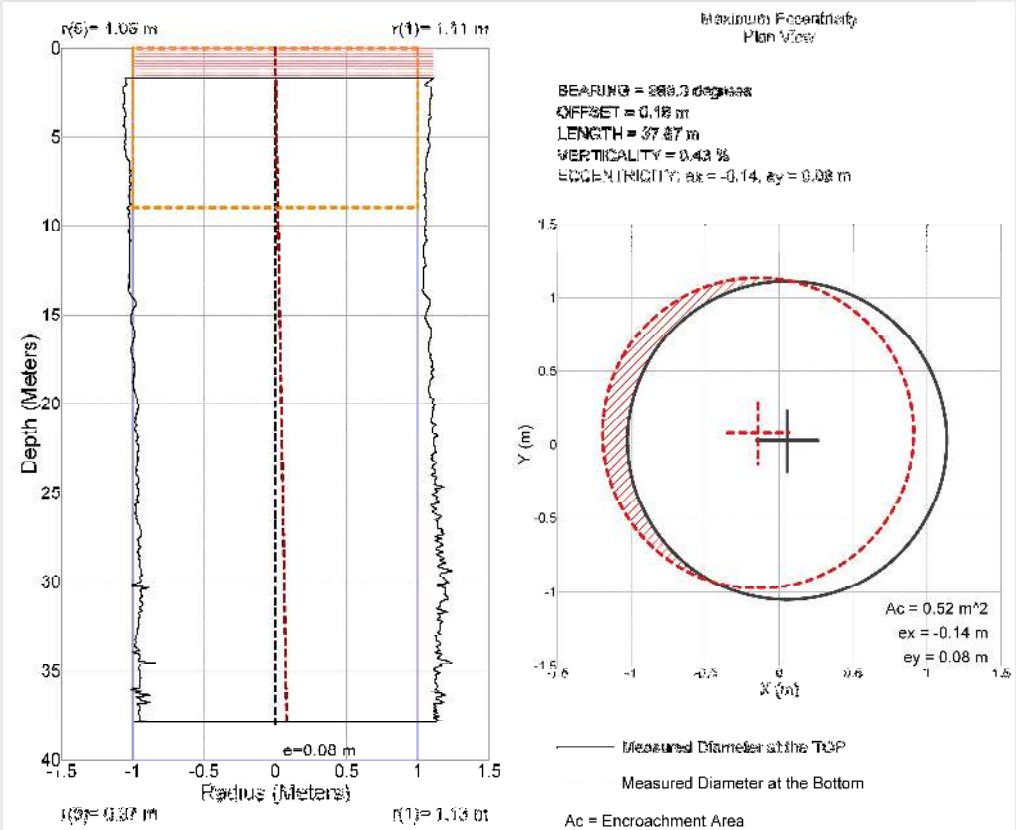


The mobile read-up unit of SHAPE

Shaft Area Profile Evaluator (SHAPE), manufactured by Pile Dynamics Inc. (PDI), is a cost-effective quality assurance testing device used for deep foundations such as drilled shafts, slurry walls, barrettes and more to determine the excavation dimensions and verticality. Drilled shafts are rarely ideal cylinders and irregularities can affect capacity and design. SHAPE better characterizes the shape of drilled shafts and other excavated deep foundation elements. SHAPE provides a fast, economical visual representation of the foundation excavation and verticality prior to placing concrete in wet conditions.

Why SHAPE?

- ◆ A continuous scanning profile along the depth.
- ◆ Quick connection to Kelly bar or can be used with an optional winch system.
- ◆ Multi-channel ultrasonic device to scan the sidewall condition of wet pour drilled shafts.
- ◆ Data acquisition at a rate of approximately one (1) scan per second.
- ◆ Data acquisition calculations of shaft profile to determine shaft radius, volume and verticality at field after the scanning process.



A typical result of SHAPE after the scanning process.